Introduction to Computer Security

Discussion 2

Q1 Software Vulnerabilities

(4 points)

For the following code, assume an attacker can control the value of basket, n, and owner_name passed into search_basket.

This code contains several security vulnerabilities. **Circle** *three* **such vulnerabilities** in the code and briefly explain each of the three on the next page.

```
struct cat {
1
2
        char name[64];
3
        char owner [64];
4
        int age;
   };
5
6
7
   /* Searches through a BASKET of cats of length N (N should be less than 32).
8
       Adopts all cats with age less than 12 (kittens).
9
       Adopted kittens have their owner name overwritten with OWNER_NAME.
10
       Returns the number of kittens adopted. */
11
   size_t search_basket(struct cat *basket, int n, char *owner_name) {
        struct cat kittens[32];
12
13
        size_t num_kittens = 0;
14
        if (n > 32) return -1;
        for (size_t i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
15
            if (basket[i].age < 12) {
16
17
                /* Reassign the owner name. */
18
                strcpy(basket[i].owner, owner_name);
19
                /* Copy the kitten from the basket. */
20
                kittens[num_kittens] = basket[i];
                num_kittens++;
21
22
                /* Print helpful message. */
23
                printf("Adopting kitten: ");
24
                printf(basket[i].name);
                printf("\n");
25
26
            }
27
        /* Adopt kittens. */
28
        adopt_kittens(kittens, num_kittens); // Implementation not shown.
29
30
31
        return num_kittens;
32
```

(Question 1 continued)
Q1.1 (1 point) Explanation:
Q1.2 (1 point) Explanation:
Q1.3 (1 point) Explanation:
Q1.4 (1 point) Describe how an attacker could exploit these vulnerabilities to run shellcode:

Q2 Hacked EvanBot (12 points)

Hacked EvanBot is running code to violate students' privacy, and it's up to you to disable it before it's too late!

```
1
   #include <stdio.h>
2
3
   void spy_on_students(void) {
4
     char buffer[16];
5
     fread(buffer, 1, 24, stdin);
6
   }
7
8
   int main() {
9
     spy_on_students();
10
     return 0;
11
  }
```

The shutdown code for Hacked EvanBot is located at address Oxdeadbeef, but there's just one problem — Bot has learned a new memory safety defense. Before returning from a function, it will check that its saved return address (rip) is not Oxdeadbeef, and throw an error if the rip is Oxdeadbeef.

Clarification during exam: Assume little-endian x86 for all questions.

Assume all x86 instructions are 8 bytes long. Assume all compiler optimizations and buffer overflow defenses are disabled.

The address of buffer is Oxbffff110.

Q2.1	(3 points) In the next 3 subparts, you'll supply a malicious input to the fread call at line 5 that
	causes the program to execute instructions at Oxdeadbeef, without overwriting the rip with the
	value Oxdeadbeef.

The first part of your input should be a single assembly instruction. What is the instruction? x86 pseudocode or a brief description of what the instruction should do (5 words max) is fine.

-	(3 points) The sed do you need to w		r input should be	some garbage by	rtes. How many garbage bytes
	O 0	O 4	O 8	O 12	O 16
	(3 points) What a	•	es of your input?	Write your answ	ver in Project 1 Python syntax

(Question 2 continued)
Q2.4 (3 points) When does your exploit start executing instructions at Oxdeadbeef ?
O Immediately when the program starts
O When the main function returns
O When the spy_on_students function returns
O When the fread function returns

Consider the following vulnerable C code:

```
void vulnerable(int start, char *ptr) {
1
2
        ptr[start] = ptr[3];
3
       ptr[start + 1] = ptr[2];
       ptr[start + 2] = ptr[1];
4
       ptr[start + 3] = ptr[0];
5
6
   }
7
8
   void helper(int8_t num) {
9
        if (num > 124) {
10
            return;
        }
11
        char arr[128];
12
        fgets(arr, 128, stdin);
13
14
        vulnerable(num, arr);
   }
15
16
   int main(void) {
17
18
        int y;
19
        fread(&y, sizeof(int), 1, stdin);
20
       helper(y);
21
        return 0;
22
```

Assume that:

- You are on a little-endian 32-bit x86 system.
- There is no other compile padding or saved additional registers.

Write your answer in Python 3 syntax (just like in Project 1).

Q3.1 (2 points) Fill in the stack diagram below, assuming that execution has entered the call to vulnerable:

Stack

RIP of main
SFP of main
RIP of vulnerable
SFP of vulnerable

For the rest of this question, assume that the RIP of mair shellcode is located at Oxef302010.	a is located at <code>0xbfffdc0c</code> and that your malicious
In the next two subparts, construct an exploit that exec	cutes your malicious shellcode.
Q3.2 (5 points) Provide an input to the variable y in the	e fread in main.
For this subpart only, you may write a decimal nur	nber instead of its byte representation.
Q3.3 (5 points) Provide an input to the variable arr in	the fgets in helper.

(Question 3 continued...)